

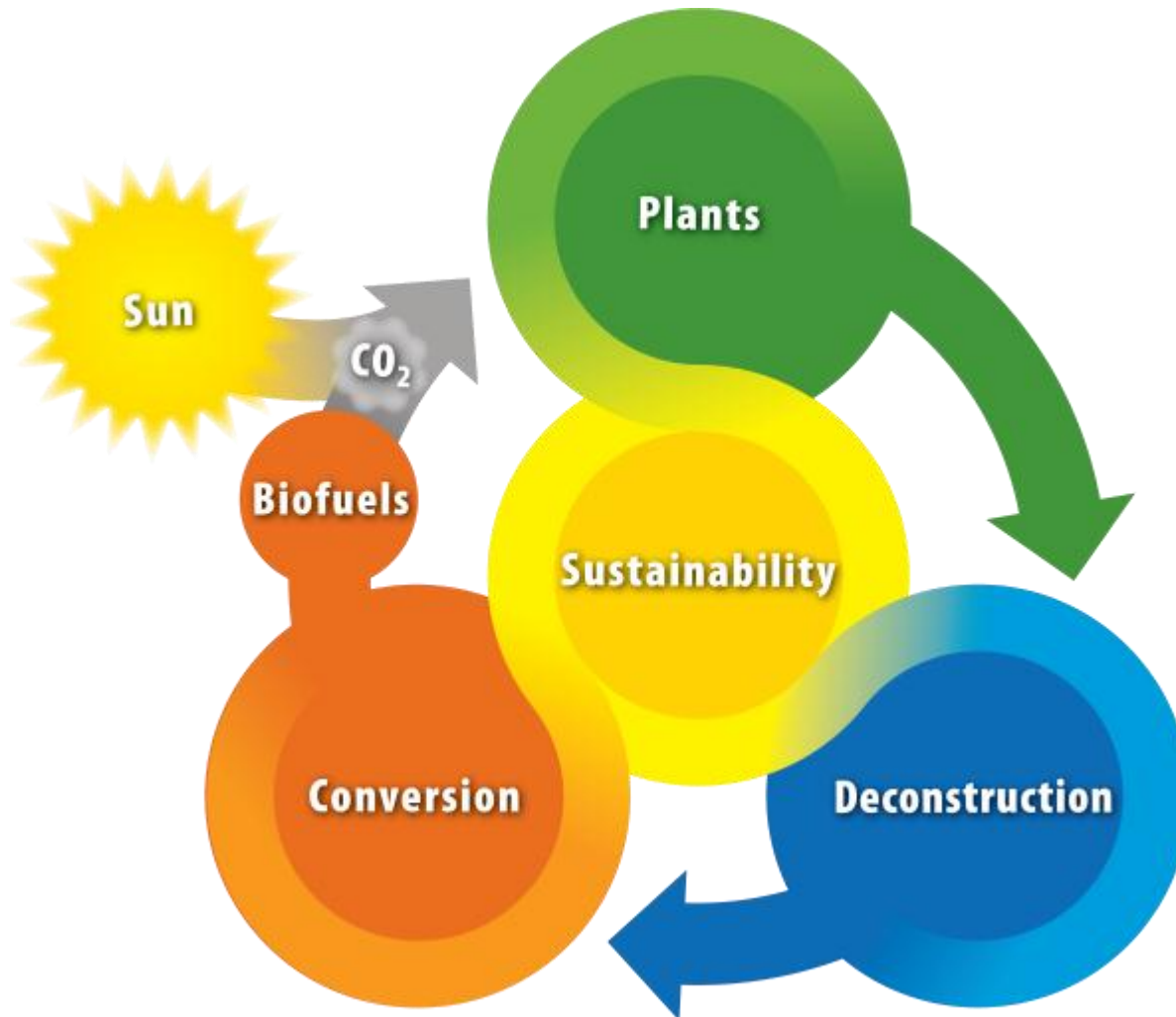


Economic sustainability and ecosystem services valuation

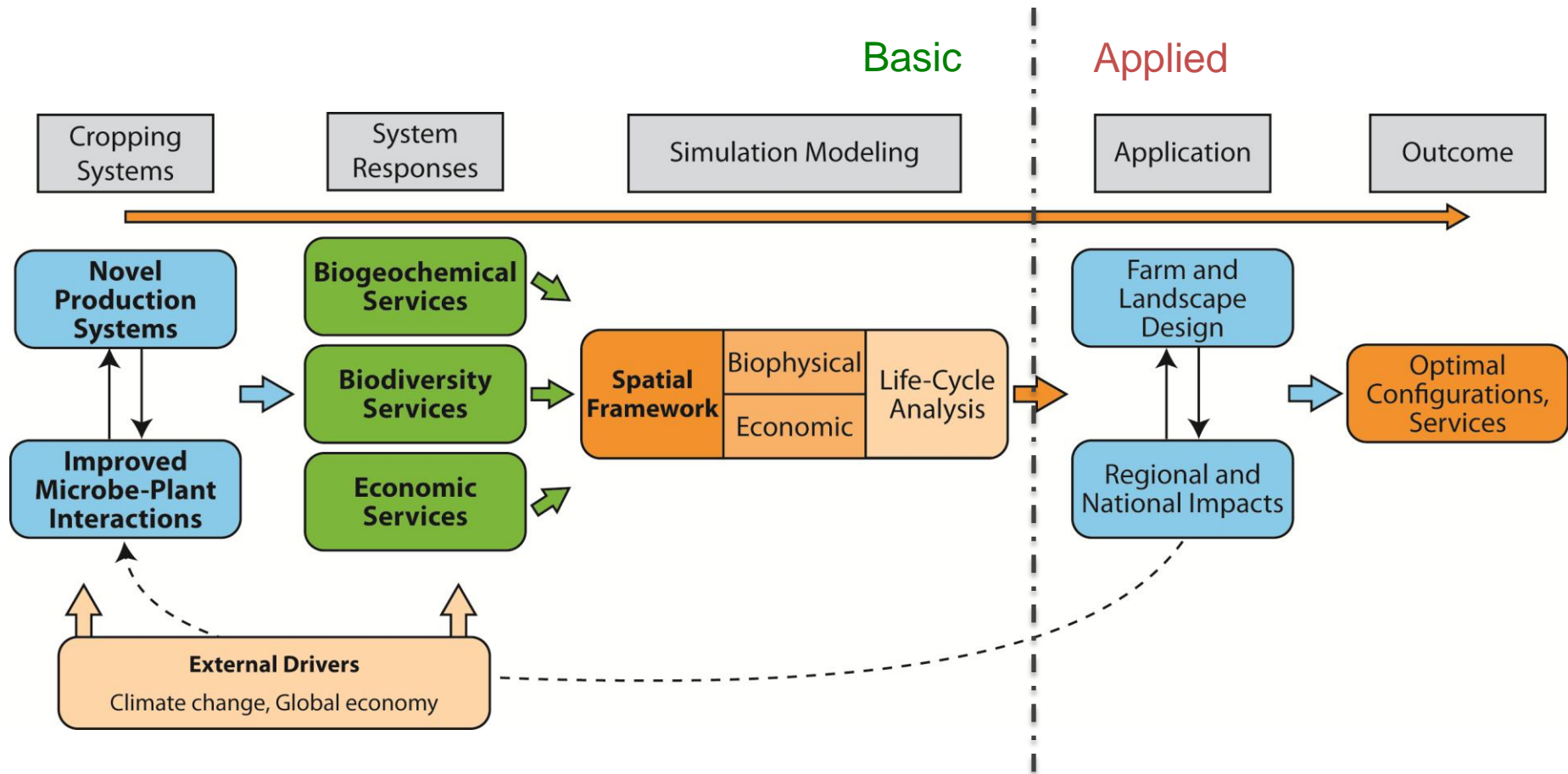
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Steve Ventura & Claudio Gratton

University of Wisconsin-Madison

GLBRC Research



GLBRC Sustainability Research Roadmap



GLBRC's guidelines for sustainable feedstocks

Productive

- ✗ Economically profitable
- ✗ Favorable energy return
- ✗ Land-conserving

Perennial

- ✗ Cost less to maintain
- ✗ Emit fewer greenhouse gases
- ✗ Less prone to soil erosion and water pollution

Polyculture-tolerant (diverse)

- ✗ Pest and disease suppression
- ✗ Nitrogen fixation
- ✗ Nutrient and carbon retention
- ✗ Pollination services to surrounding crops

Positioned appropriately

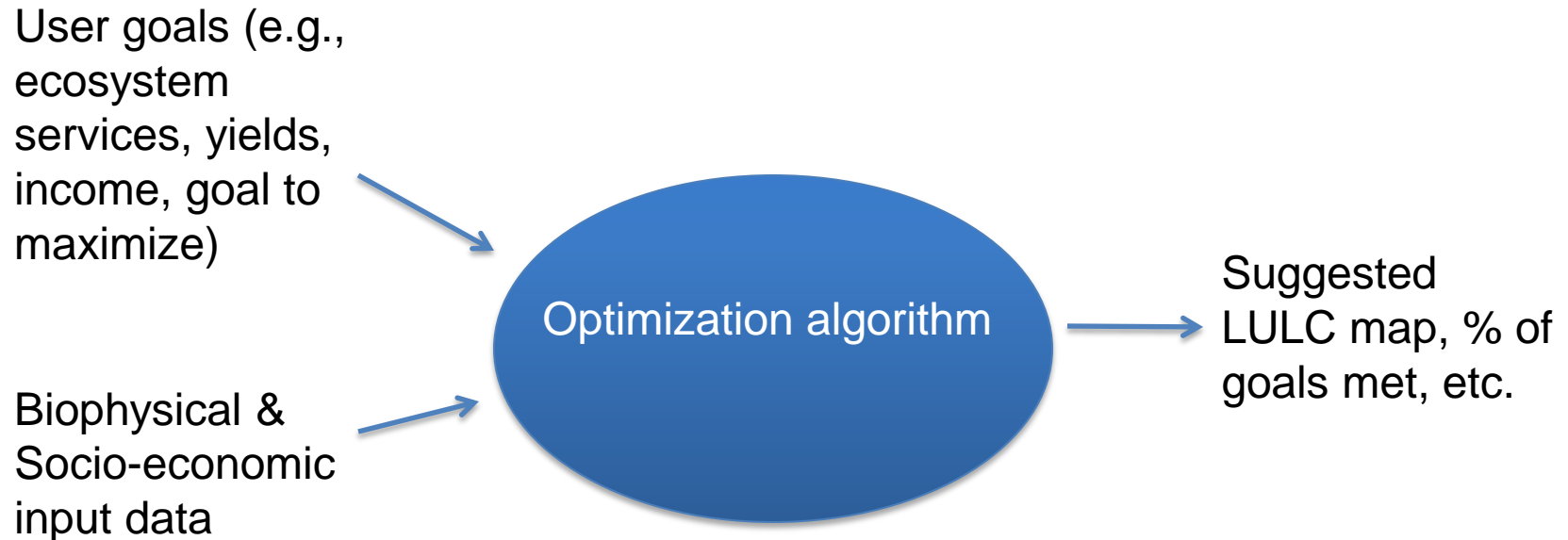
- ✗ Configuration of landscapes is key

So, how do we get here?



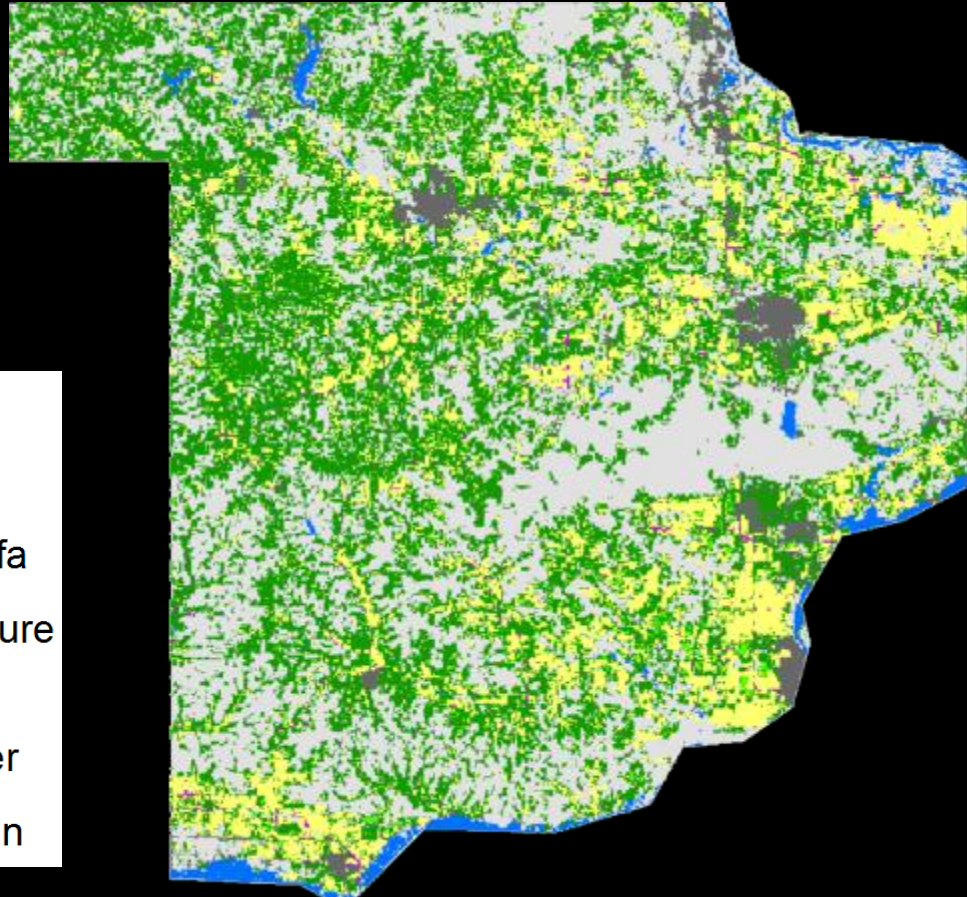
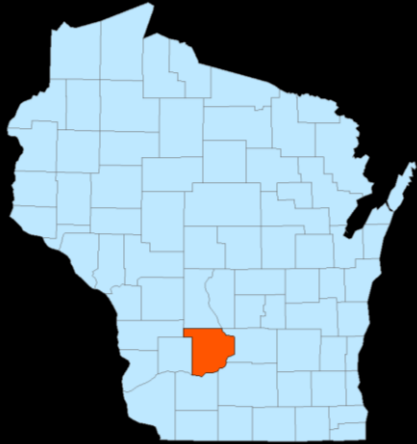
CREDIT: ERIK SANDBERG/BERNSTEIN & ANDRIULLI
From, Robertson et al. 2008 Science

How do we assess multi-dimensional tradeoffs?



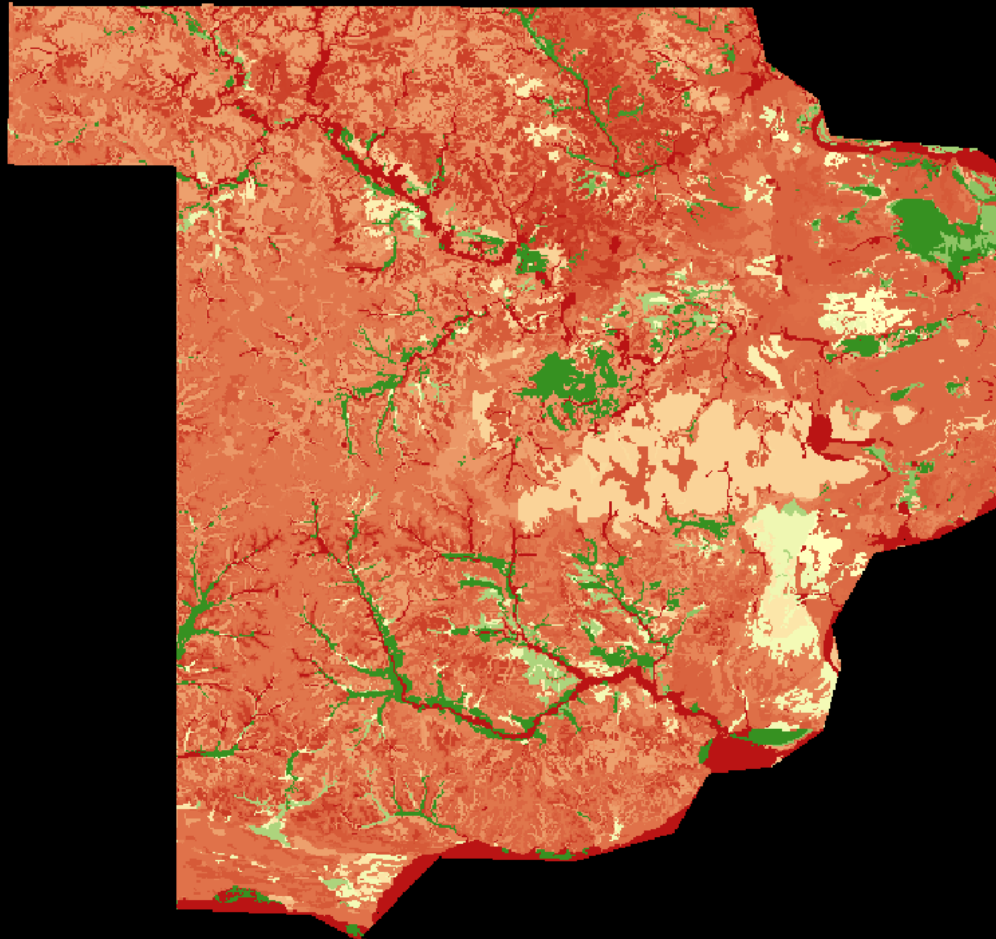
Diehl & Jackson, unpublished

Sauk County, WI

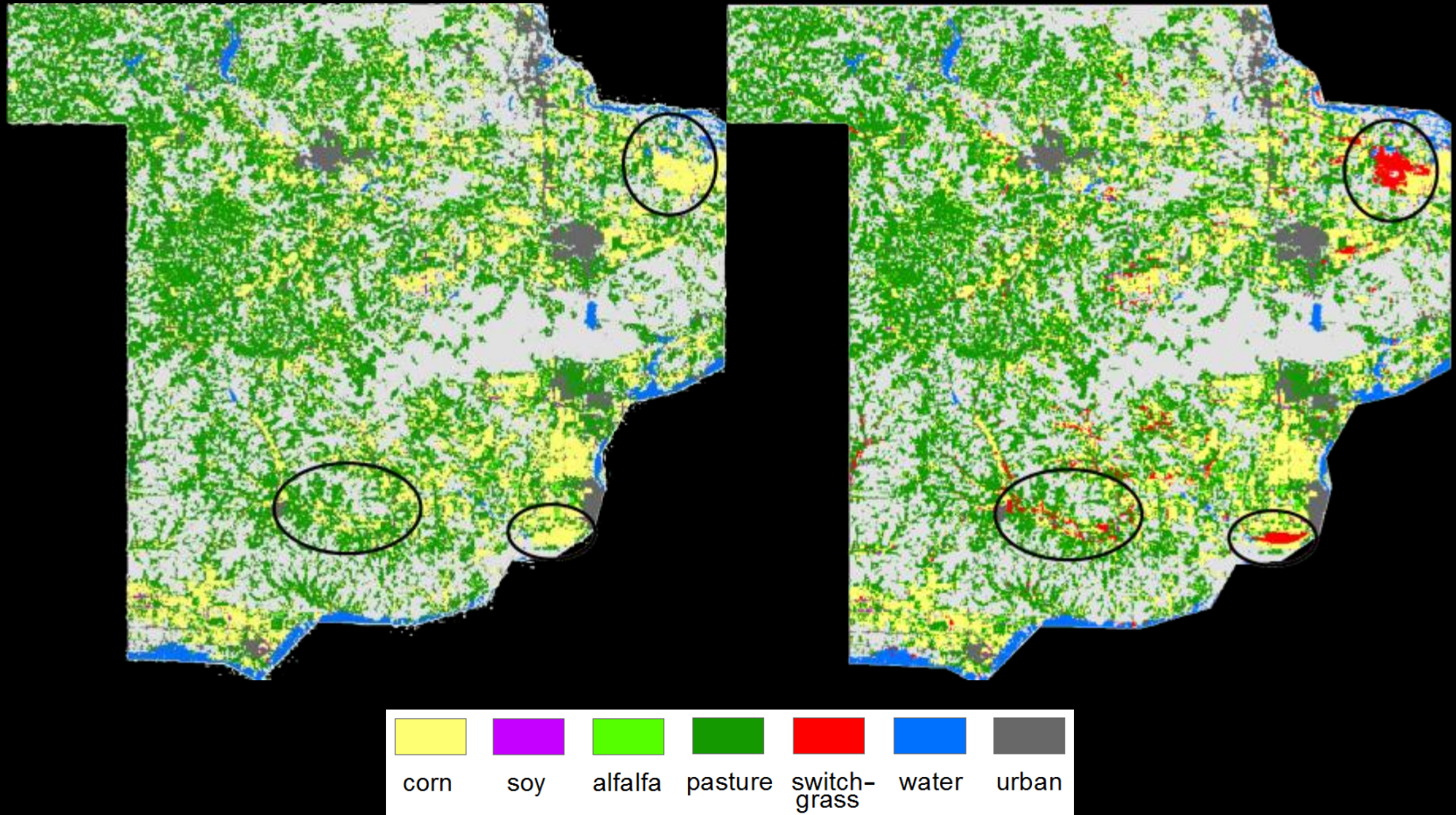


Biophysical and Socio-economic input data

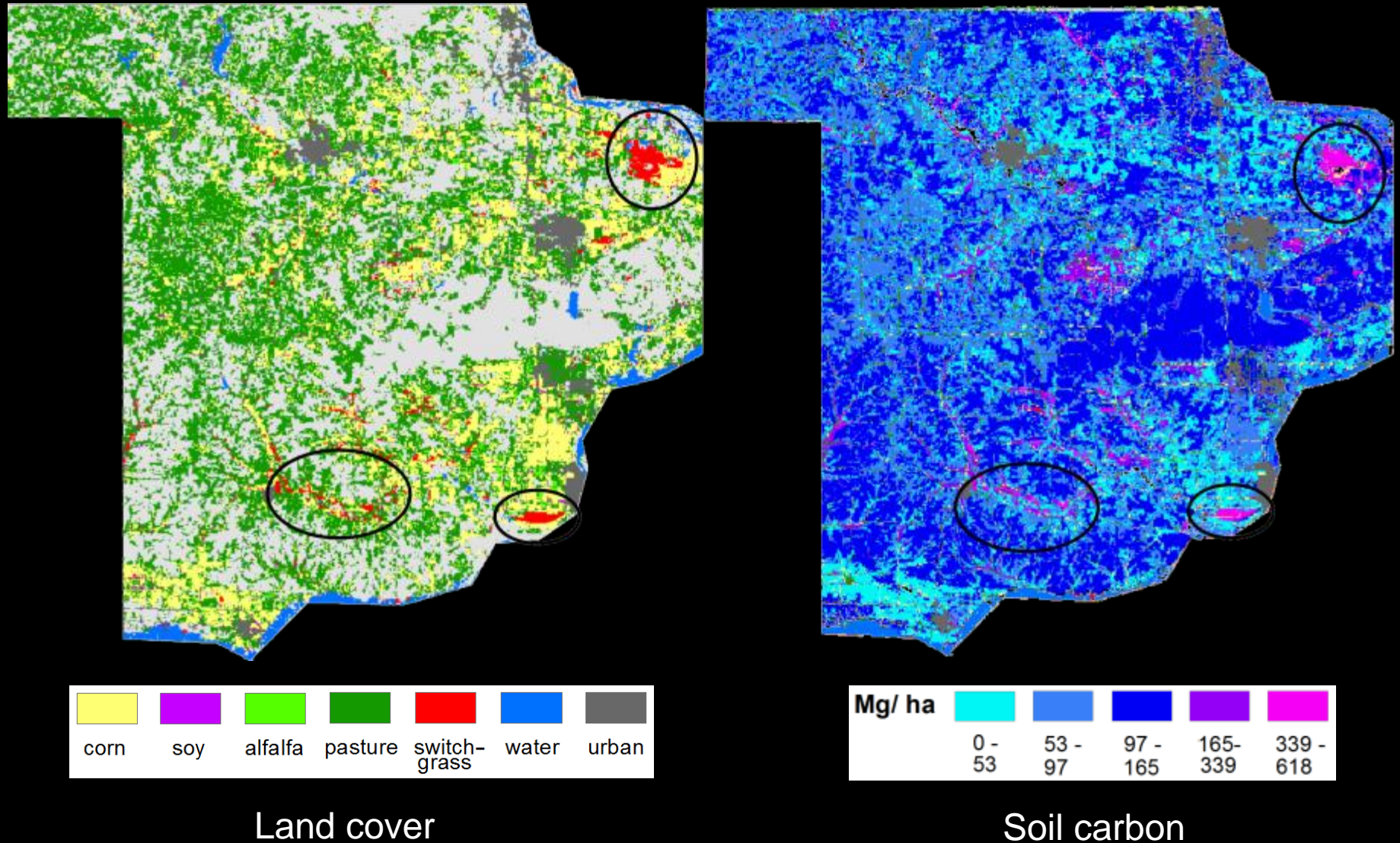
- Soil Retention (USLE)
- 20-year Soil Carbon (SSURGO + IPCC)
- Yield & Net Income (SSURGO + user prices)



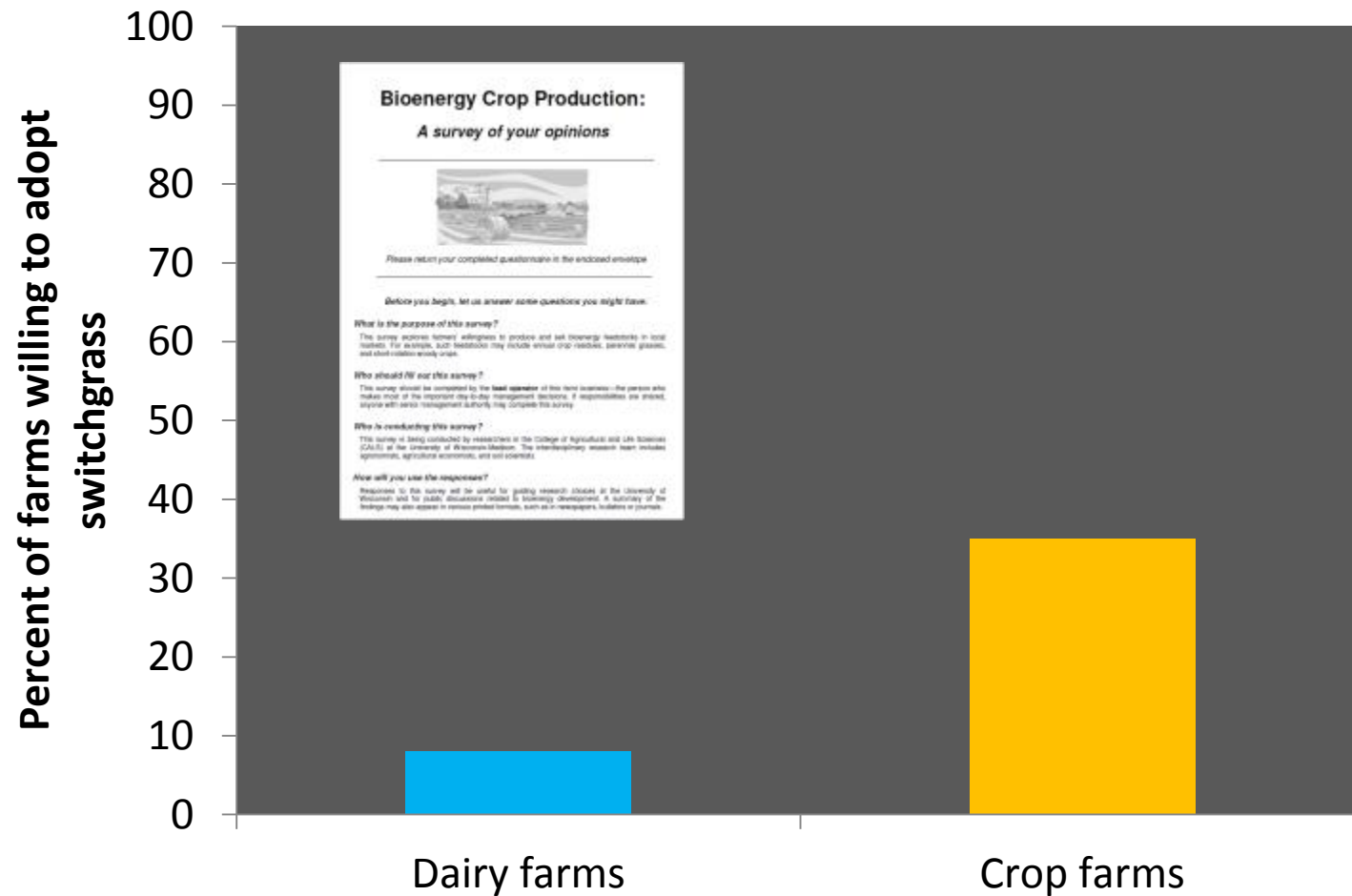
Goal: 30,000 Mg switchgrass, minimize net soil C loss, soil loss, & income loss



What drives the clustering of switchgrass?



Surveys indicate low willingness to adopt perennial crops

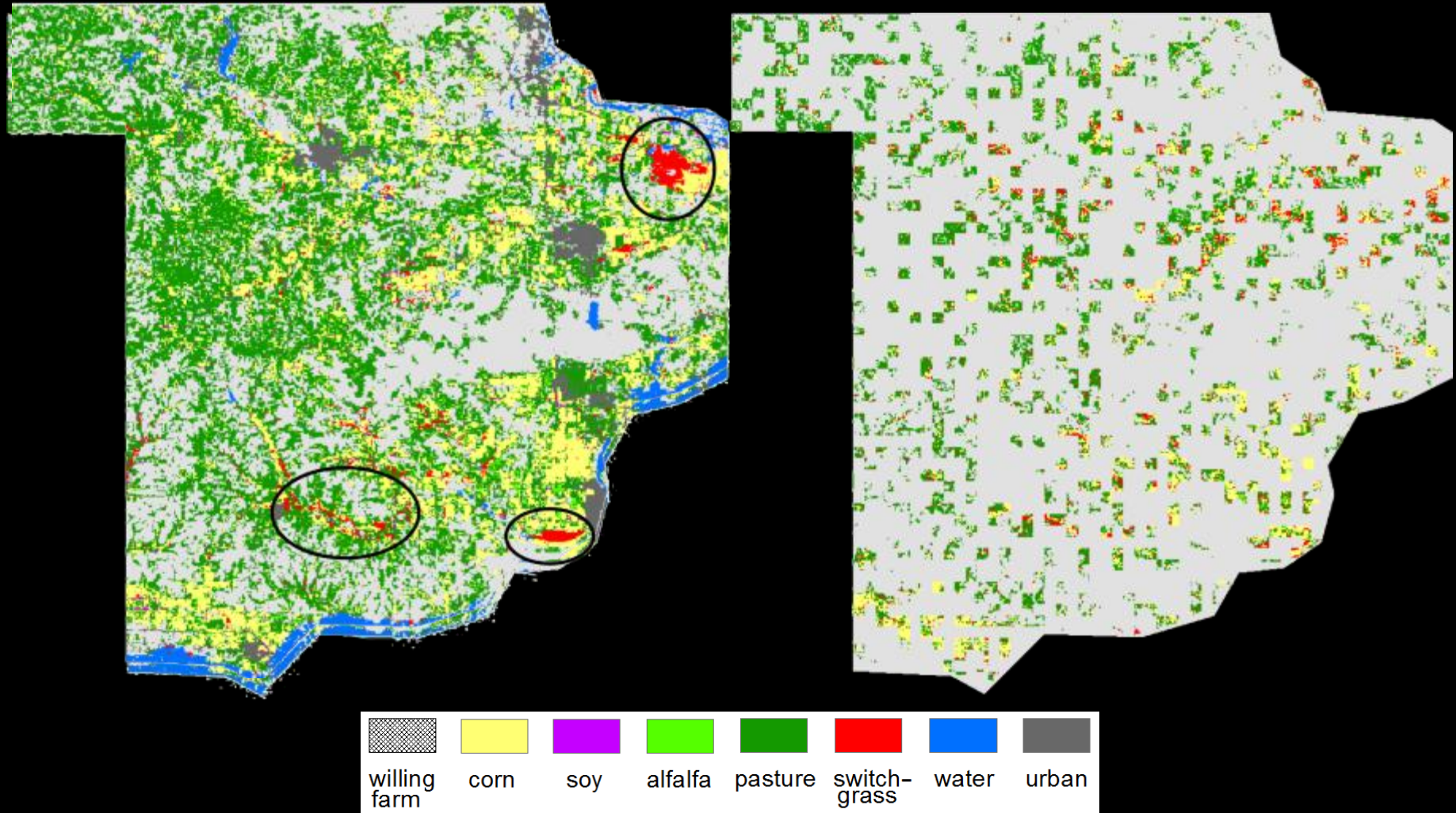


Mooney et al. 2013

GLBRC economic studies paint a bleak picture for perennial cellulosic crops

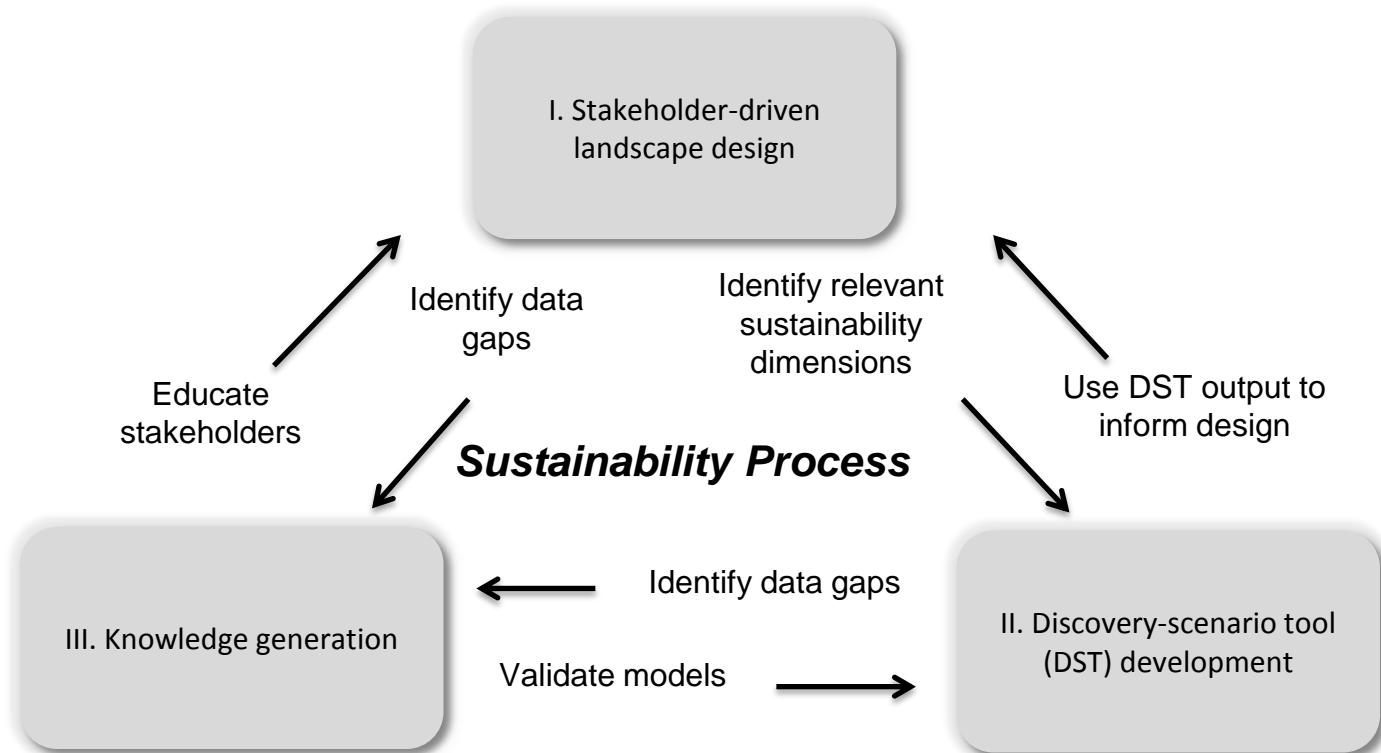
1. Corn already profitable (Jiang and Swinton 2009)
2. Corn more adaptable and opportunistic (James et al. 2010, Song et al. 2011)
3. Bioenergy crops may drive up food prices (Babcock, 2008), favoring planting of food crops (Hayes et al. 2009)

**Goal: 30,000 Mg switchgrass, no loss of services +
“willingness” constraint**



**Goal: 30,000 Mg switchgrass, no loss of services +
“willingness” constraint**

Modeled Service Response	30k Mg	30k Mg + constraint
Switchgrass biomass (Mg /ha)	+10.09	+9.27
Estimated annual income (per ha)	-\$5	-\$19
Soil Carbon change after 20 years (Mg/ha)	+0.39	+1.78
Soil Retention (Mg/ha)	+0.00	+0.23



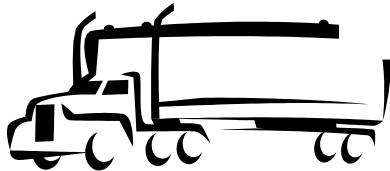
ECONOMIC CONTEXT

5. Conversion



7. Health & Safety

3. Feedstock Handling



2. Feedstock Production

1. Feedstock Development

4. Frame Goals & Sustainability Performance Metrics

BIOPHYSICAL CONTEXT

